



SOCIALLY ENGAGED RESEARCH IN ACADEMIC RESEARCH: How it works and Expectations

Session 2



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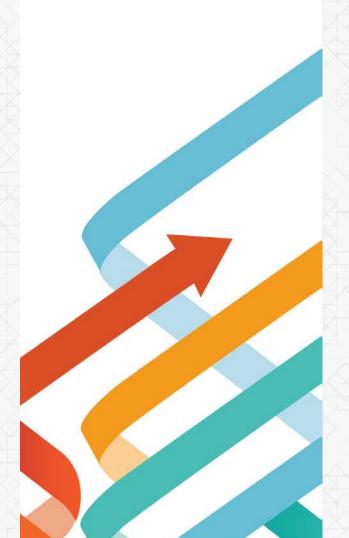
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Content

- 1. How does SER work?
 - a) Research project level
 - b) Institutional level
- 2. Expectations in SER





Need for SER in Europe

- Only 32% of researchers collaborate with nonacademic sectors or receive any transferable skills training
- Only 24% of researchers have moved to other sectors during their research career
- There is a need for collaborative and inter- & trans-disciplinary research in addressing global challenges.



What do you think?



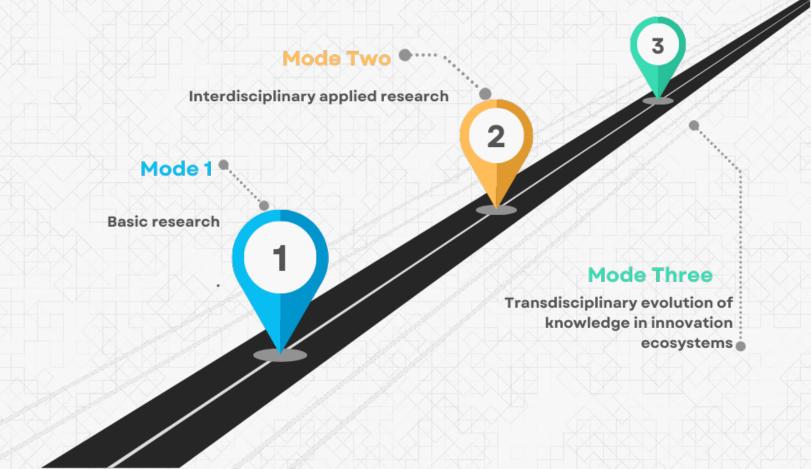


https://www.menti.com/ald5yfy7rmjp



I. At the Research Project Level

a) Rooted in Mode 3 research



Mode 1

Mode 2

Mode 3

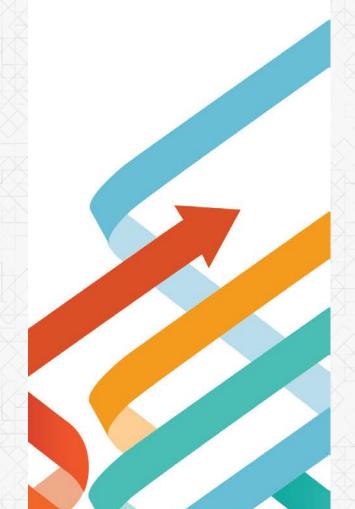
Linear	Non-linear	Multi-level systems
Basis Research	Applied Research & Technology Transfer	Co-evolution of know- ledge & innovation
Disciplinary boundary	Interdisciplinary & Transdisciplinary	
QA via peer reviews	QA via a community of practitioners	QA via innovation
Success: Research excellence	Success: Application	Success: Contribution
Curiosity-driven	Usability driven	Impact driven
		High civic engagement (Marginalised groups)



I. Research Project Level

b) Active involvement of quadruple helix stakeholders







I. Research Project Level

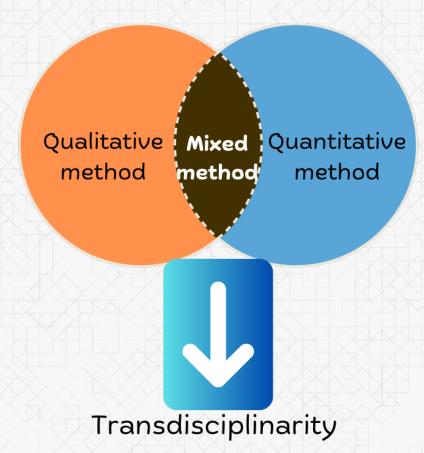
c) Engagement in various research phases





I. Research Project Level

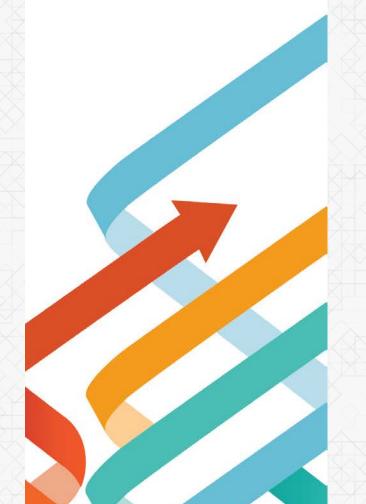
d) Transdisciplinary-oriented methods

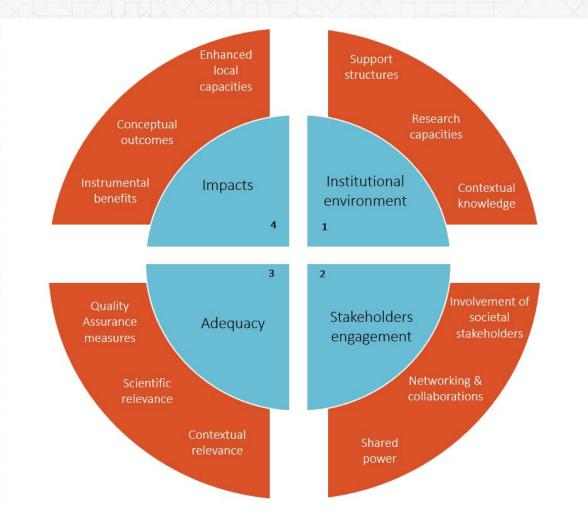






II. Institutional level









Expectations of SER

- Active involvement of stakeholders
- Mutual benefit
- Ethical considerations
- Trust-based partnerships
- Action-oriented outcomes
- Transdisciplinary
- Transparency and accountability
- Shared power



But are expectations always the same as reality?



Avery Davis
@reallygreatsite

The reality of my selfie game in pictures.

Expectation



Reality





THANK YOU







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